

CFAP Direct Payments to Commodity Crop Farmers: A Wisconsin Perspective

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The USDA has published details on the Coronavirus Food Assistance Program (CFAP) direct payments to farmers impacted by market disruptions due to COVID-19. For commodity crops, payments focus on crops with price declines exceeding 5% from mid-January to mid-April. The three major non-specialty crops in Wisconsin that farmers will be eligible for payments are corn, soybeans and oats, though a few Wisconsin may plant other eligible crops. Specialty crops are also potentially eligible (<https://www.farmers.gov/cfap/specialty>). In this post, I briefly explain payment calculation and encourage farmers to contact their county USDA Farm Service Agency (FSA) office to enroll.

CFAP Payments Rates

As a confusing factor, two sources of funding were authorized by Congress and each has different payment rates (<https://www.farmers.gov/cfap/non-specialty>). From a farmer's perspective, CFAP uses the average of these two payment rates. The table below lists the final effective prices per bushel for major Wisconsin crops, plus some crops that may have a few acres in Wisconsin. These prices incorporate the averaging between the two different payment rates.

Crop	Effective CFAP Payment Rate
Corn	33.5 cents per bushel
Soybeans	47.5 cents per bushel
Oats	16 cents per bushel
Sorghum	31 cents per bushel
Wheat, Durum	19.5 cents per bushel
Wheat, Hard Red Spring	19 cents per bushel
Barley (malting only)	35.5 cents per bushel
Canola	1 cent per pound
Sunflowers	2 cents per pound

Several crops are excluded from eligibility, including soft red winter wheat, hard red winter wheat, white wheat, rye, feed barley, and hemp. Most types of forage are excluded, including alfalfa, hay, haylage and other forage crops. Wheatlage and barlage are excluded. Corn, oats, soybeans and sorghum made into silage are eligible for payments after conversion to grain equivalents. Conversion factors are set for each crop. For corn silage, the grain equivalent is 7.94 bushels per ton at 65% moisture. For oats, the grain equivalent is 4.08 bushels per ton of oatlage at 65% moisture. For soybeans, it is 5.00 bushels per ton of soybean silage. For sorghum, it is 5.56 bushels per ton for sorghum silage. Note, it must be grain sorghum taken for silage, not sorghum planted for silage or a sorghum sudangrass hybrid.

Calculating Payments

Farmers will be asked to certify their 2019 total production for eligible crops, as well as their unpriced inventories for each crop on January 15, 2020. The production to use for calculating CFAP payments for each eligible crop is the lesser of a) 50% of 2019 production and b) unpriced inventory on January 15, 2020. The first CFAP payment will then be 80% of this production multiplied by the price from the table. Later, if funding is still available, a second CFAP payment for the remaining 20% will be made.

As an example, suppose a farm harvested 50,000 bushels of corn in 2019 and on January 15, 2020 still had 30,000 bushels in storage (they had already sold or fed 20,000 bushels). The farm also sold in November 2019 a forward contract to deliver had 10,000 bushels of corn on March 15, 2020. This corn was part of their inventory on January 15, 2020. For this farm, half of their 2019 production is $50\% \times 50,000$ bushels = 25,000 bushels and their unpriced inventory on January 15 was 30,000 bushels – 10,000 bushels forward contracted = 20,000 bushels. The lesser of these is the 20,000 bushels of unsold inventory, so the farm uses 20,000 bushels to calculate the CFAP payment. For this example, the first corn CFAP payment would then be $80\% \times 20,000$ bu \times $\$0.335/\text{bu}$ = $\$5,360$.

The USDA FSA has a CFAP payment calculator available: <http://fsa.usda.gov/Assets/USDA-FSA-Public/usdafiles/cfap/cfap-payment-calculator-public-facing-version-1-final.xlsm>. This spreadsheet also completes and prints the necessary forms based on the information entered.

Signup Details

FSA begins taking CFAP applications on May 26, 2020 until August 28, 2020. Farmers should call their county FSA office to schedule an appointment. To prepare, farmers will need to be able to certify their 2019 production and inventory remaining on January 15 for each eligible crop. Other information needed will be tax identification number, farm operating structure, adjusted gross income compliance certification and direct deposit information. Applications will be submitted electronically (not in person), by scanning, emailing or faxing. Please call your FSA office to set an appointment to begin your electronic application process before sending personal information.

Payment Limits

Payment limits are \$250,000 per person and legal entity, applied to the total CFAP payments made for all eligible commodities, including dairy, livestock and specialty crops. Unlike other FSA programs, payment limitation rules are more stringent for corporations, LLCs and partnerships. These entities may receive up to \$250,000 for each shareholder who contributes substantial labor or management (at least 400 hours of active management or labor), up to three shareholders.

Farms must also satisfy conservation compliance provisions, not have a controlled substance violation, and, if a foreign person, provide land, capital and a substantial amount of active personal labor to the farming operation.